

AMU Class 11 Humanities-Commerce PYQ-Style Practice Paper 2026

Original practice paper for Humanities and Commerce stream PYQ-style preparation.

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Use this PDF after revising Social Studies, Mathematics, GK, English and Indo-Islamic Culture. It is designed for practice and is not an official previous year AMU paper.

Practice Structure

Section	Questions in this PDF	Focus
Social Studies	36	Civics, Economics, History, Geography
Mathematics	20	Class 9-10 level basics
GK + English + IIC	8	Short scoring sections

Questions

1. The Preamble of the Indian Constitution begins with

(A) We the People (B) Long Live India (C) Justice First (D) Federal Union

2. Fundamental Rights are listed in which part of the Constitution?

(A) Part I (B) Part II (C) Part III (D) Part IV

3. The head of the Indian state is the

(A) Prime Minister (B) President (C) Governor (D) Chief Justice

4. Demand and supply are key concepts in

(A) Economics (B) Geography only (C) History only (D) Grammar

5. Inflation means

(A) fall in prices (B) rise in general price level (C) zero prices (D) increase in rainfall

6. The Indus Valley Civilization is also called

(A) Harappan Civilization (B) Vedic Civilization (C) Mughal Civilization (D) Gupta Civilization

7. The Battle of Plassey was fought in

(A) 1757 (B) 1857 (C) 1947 (D) 1764

8. The Himalayas are located in the

(A) north of India (B) south of India (C) west coast only (D) central plateau

9. A map uses symbols to show

(A) features (B) temperature only (C) money only (D) sound

10. Democracy means rule by

(A) one person (B) people (C) army (D) king only

11. Local self-government in villages is called

(A) Parliament (B) Panchayati Raj (C) Supreme Court (D) Cabinet

12. The Indian Parliament has

(A) one house (B) two houses (C) three houses (D) no houses

13. The primary sector includes

(A) agriculture (B) banking only (C) software only (D) teaching only

14. A budget is a statement of

(A) income and expenditure (B) weather (C) elections (D) population only

15. The revolt of 1857 started from

(A) Meerut (B) Mumbai (C) Chennai (D) Kochi

16. The capital of the Mughal Empire under Akbar was shifted to

(A) Fatehpur Sikri (B) Kolkata (C) Madras (D) Bombay

17. The equator divides Earth into

(A) eastern and western hemispheres (B) northern and southern hemispheres (C) continents and oceans (D) countries only

18. A plateau is a

(A) high flat land (B) low valley (C) river mouth (D) island chain

19. The Right to Education relates to

(A) education (B) property only (C) trade only (D) travel only

20. Public goods are usually provided by

(A) government (B) only one family (C) only foreign firms (D) none

21. The Constitution was adopted by the Constituent Assembly on

(A) 26 Nov 1949 (B) 26 Jan 1950 (C) 15 Aug 1947 (D) 2 Oct 1948

22. A consumer buys goods for

- (A) consumption (B) production only (C) export only (D) tax only

23. The Green Revolution is related to

- (A) agriculture (B) space science (C) railways (D) shipping

24. The National Movement aimed at

- (A) freedom from colonial rule (B) ending education (C) ending trade (D) building only roads

25. Latitude is measured north or south of the

- (A) Equator (B) Prime Meridian (C) Tropic of Cancer (D) Arctic Circle

26. Longitude is measured east or west of the

- (A) Equator (B) Prime Meridian (C) Himalaya (D) Indian Ocean

27. The Supreme Court of India is located in

- (A) New Delhi (B) Mumbai (C) Kolkata (D) Hyderabad

28. A market is a place where buyers and sellers

- (A) exchange goods/services (B) only vote (C) only study (D) only travel

29. The Mughal emperor associated with Din-i Ilahi was

- (A) Akbar (B) Babur (C) Humayun (D) Aurangzeb

30. The Indian Ocean lies to the

- (A) south of India (B) north of India (C) east of Delhi (D) west of Himalaya

31. A citizen has duties along with

- (A) rights (B) only taxes (C) only exams (D) only jobs

32. Per capita income means income per

- (A) person (B) village only (C) state only (D) school

33. The Quit India Movement was launched in

- (A) 1942 (B) 1919 (C) 1930 (D) 1905

34. A desert generally receives

- (A) very little rainfall (B) very heavy snow always (C) daily rainfall (D) no sunlight

35. The Election Commission conducts

- (A) elections (B) court trials (C) school exams (D) bank audits

36. GDP relates to total value of goods and services produced in an economy.

- (A) True (B) False (C) Only in villages (D) Only in schools

37. If $3x = 21$, x equals

- (A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 8 (D) 9

38. The simple interest on Rs 1000 at 10% for 1 year is

- (A) Rs 10 (B) Rs 50 (C) Rs 100 (D) Rs 200

39. The area of a rectangle of length 10 cm and breadth 5 cm is

- (A) 15 cm² (B) 50 cm² (C) 100 cm² (D) 25 cm²

40. The value of 15% of 200 is

- (A) 15 (B) 20 (C) 30 (D) 40

41. The HCF of 12 and 18 is

- (A) 3 (B) 6 (C) 9 (D) 12

42. The LCM of 4 and 6 is

- (A) 8 (B) 10 (C) 12 (D) 24

43. The sum of angles in a quadrilateral is

- (A) 180 degree (B) 270 degree (C) 360 degree (D) 540 degree

44. The square of 11 is

(A) 111 (B) 121 (C) 131 (D) 144

45. If a number is divided by 1, the result is

(A) 0 (B) same number (C) 1 (D) negative number

46. The average of 10, 20, 30 is

(A) 10 (B) 20 (C) 30 (D) 60

47. Ratio 4:8 in simplest form is

(A) 1:2 (B) 2:1 (C) 4:1 (D) 1:4

48. Profit = Selling price -

(A) cost price (B) discount only (C) tax only (D) interest

49. The perimeter of a square of side 5 cm is

(A) 10 cm (B) 15 cm (C) 20 cm (D) 25 cm

50. The value of 0.5 as a fraction is

(A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{3}$ (C) $\frac{2}{5}$ (D) $\frac{5}{100}$

51. A right angle measures

(A) 45 degree (B) 60 degree (C) 90 degree (D) 180 degree

52. The mode is the observation that occurs

(A) least often (B) most often (C) first (D) last

53. If $x - 4 = 9$, x equals

(A) 5 (B) 9 (C) 13 (D) 15

54. The value of 7×8 is

(A) 54 (B) 56 (C) 58 (D) 64

55. A triangle with all sides equal is called

(A) scalene (B) isosceles (C) equilateral (D) right only

56. 1 kilometre is equal to

(A) 100 m (B) 500 m (C) 1000 m (D) 10,000 m

57. The capital of Uttar Pradesh is

(A) Lucknow (B) Agra (C) Kanpur (D) Aligarh

58. The national song of India is

(A) Vande Mataram (B) Jana Gana Mana (C) Saare Jahan Se Achha (D) None

59. Choose the antonym of "ancient".

(A) old (B) modern (C) past (D) historic

60. Fill in the blank: She has lived here ____ 2020.

(A) for (B) since (C) from (D) at

61. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan is linked with

(A) Aligarh Movement (B) Chipko Movement (C) Non-Cooperation only (D) Swadeshi only

62. MAO College was founded in

(A) Aligarh (B) Delhi (C) Patna (D) Bhopal

63. The Taj Mahal is an example of

(A) Mughal architecture (B) British architecture only (C) Greek architecture (D) Roman architecture

64. Sufism emphasised

(A) spiritual devotion (B) industrial law (C) army recruitment (D) ship building

Answer Key

Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans	Q	Ans
1	A	2	C	3	B	4	A
5	B	6	A	7	A	8	A
9	A	10	B	11	B	12	B
13	A	14	A	15	A	16	A
17	B	18	A	19	A	20	A
21	A	22	A	23	A	24	A
25	A	26	B	27	A	28	A
29	A	30	A	31	A	32	A
33	A	34	A	35	A	36	A
37	B	38	C	39	B	40	C
41	B	42	C	43	C	44	B
45	B	46	B	47	A	48	A
49	C	50	A	51	C	52	B
53	C	54	B	55	C	56	C
57	A	58	A	59	B	60	B
61	A	62	A	63	A	64	A